

دفتر الواجبات

للفف الثالث المتوسط

اللغة الانكليزية

اعداد الاستاذ

عمر منعم فالح

الوحدة الاولى

المواضيع القواعدية

1- وصف الاماكن Describing places

1- There is an escalator in the mall . (Question)

- Is there an escalator in the mall?

2- There (is / are) an information desk .

3- (It has / There is) few bakeries .

4- It has a big coffee shop . (Negative)

- It doesn't have a big coffee shop.

5- It has a fountain . (Question)

- Does it have a fountain?

6- There (is / are) plants and tress everywhere

7-a school in our street. (There is / There are)

8- (It has / There is) few new books.

9- many students in the class. (There is / There are)

10- Are there sweet shops near your house ? (some / a lot of / any)

11- There are sweet shops . (**Negative**)

- There aren't sweet shops.

12- (There is / **There are**) lots of houses .

13- There (are / **is**) a car park in the mall

14- There are (any cars / **lots of plants**)

15- It doesn't an information desk (**have**/has/ had)

16. The mall..... a swimming pool. (having/ **doesn't have**/ have)

Telling the time -2 الإخبار عن الوقت

- 1- 15: 17 (Tell the time).
- **It's three seventeen.**
- 2- 18: 20 (Tell the time).
- **It's six twenty.**
- 3- 23: 40 (Tell the time).
- **It's eleven forty.**
- 4- 24: 00 (Tell the time).
- **It's twelve O'clock**
- 5- 02: 10 (Tell the time).
- **It's two ten**
- 6- 10 : 23 (Tell the time).
- **It's ten twenty three**
- 7- 15: 40 (Tell the time).
- **It's three forty**
- 8- 14: 41 (Tell the time).
- **It's two forty one.**
- 8- 17: 00 (Tell the time).
- **It's five O'clock**
9. it's ten past three. (15:15/ 15:10/ 15:20) (choose)
- **15:10**
10. (12:10). It's . (**twelve ten**/ ten twelve) (choose)

3- المضارع المستمر Present continuous

- 1- We (learn) English . (**present continuous**)
We are learning English .
- 2- She is (**cleaning** / cleans) the room now .
- 3- Ali eat his sandwich right now . (**put the verb in the correct form**)
- Ali is eating
- 4- I'm (read / **reading** / reads) a good book at the moment .
- 5- He a green jacket now . (am wearing / **is wearing** / are wearing)
6. I (read) a newspaper now. (**Negative**)
I am not reading a newspaper now.

4- الماضي المستمر Past continuous

- 1- Ahmad was (drink / **drinking**) some tea .
- 2- (**was** / were) Zaid waiting for us ?
- 3- Fatima (clean) the house . (**past continuous**)
- Fatima was cleaning the house .
- 4- He (write)an essay . (**past continuous : negative**)
- He was not writing an essay .
- 5- They (drive) to the beach (**past continuous : question**)
- Were they deriving to the beach ?

6- What (you / do) at 10 last night ? (**past continuous**)

- **What were you doing at 10 last night ?**

7- They Playing football . (was / **were**)

8. They arts team were performing very well. (**negative**)

- **They arts team were not performing very well.**

9- The mother (wait) at the information desk . (**past continuous**)

- **The mother was waiting at the information desk .**

5- استخدام Really / Quite

1. he was a nice teacher (quite/ **really**)

2. It was (really / **quite**) a boring film

3- The panther is(quite/ **really**)fast . You have to be careful .

4- It has a(quite/ **really**) beautiful shape . You'll love it .

5- I think this is (**quite**/ really)a cheap bike . What do you think
? cheap or expensive .

6- The exam was.....(**quite**/ really)difficult ,but not like the one last year .

7- I think safety is(quite/ **really**) important. It's the only thing I look
for!

8- I bought my phone three years ago, so it's(**quite**/ really) old now.
My dad's is seven years old!

6 - ترتيب الصفات Adjectives order

- 1- She has ----- hair . (Re- arrange the adjective : (black / beautiful)
- **beautiful black** .
- 2- Salma has.....and brown eyes. (straight hair black, **straight black hair**,
hair straight black)
3. My niece is a (**friendly, little girl** / little, friendly girl / girl, little friendly)
4. she has (beautiful, black, curly hair / curly, beautiful, black hair / **beautiful, curly, black hair**)
5. she has an (ugly, old, little dog / old, ugly, little dog / **ugly, little, old dog**)
6. Her bag is made from (blue, strong fabric / **strong, blue fabric**)
7. Noor is wearing (a bag pink/ **a pink bag**/ bag a pink)
8. She has an (old, ugly, little/ **ugly, little, old**) dog.
9. She has (**straight black hair**/ black straight hair/ hair black straight)
10. Her bag is made from..... fabric. (pink strong/**strong pink**)
11. Satha has..... hair and brown eyes.
(straight black beautiful/ **beautiful straight black**/ black beautiful straight)
12. Nada bought a (**nice green French**/ green nice French/ nice French green)
dress.
13. Huda has..... hair.
(brown beautiful curly/ **beautiful curly brown**/ beautiful brown curly)

14. Hana'a bought two shirts last week.

(nice French cotton/nice cotton French/ French nice cotton)

15. Hassan has a jacket.

(beautiful black French/ French black beautiful/ black beautiful French)

16. Leena has (black/ straight/ nice) hair. (Re-arrange the adjectives)

- nice straight black

17. She has (curly brown hair/ brown curly hair/ hair curly brown)

7- اعطاء سبب Give reason

1. Cars have airbags. (Give reason use: "be safe in crash")

- Cars have airbags so you be safe in crash.

2. Cars have GPS. (Give reason use: "get lost")

- Cars have GPS so you can't get lost.

3. Skateboard comes with a book (to help/ and/ but) you learn more about it.

4. The car has a CD player. (listen to music) (Use, so you can)

- The car has a CD player so you can listen to music.

5. There are disk brakes (to help/ help/ helped) you stop quickly.

6. Cars have CD player that you can listen to music. (to/so/neither)

7. Cars have air conditioning..... help you keep cool. (to/ because/so)

8. Cars have GPS (because /so that) drivers can't be lost.

9. Cars have GPS so that you (can / can't) be lost .

8- الوصف المؤدب Polite description

1. She is short . she is..... short. (Make this sentence more polite)
- She is a bit short
2. Fareed is bad at English. Fareed isn't.....(Make this sentence more polite)
- Fareed isn't very good at English.
3. He can't drive. He can't(Make this sentence more polite)
- He can't drive very well
4. He's stupid. He's not.....(Complete in a more polite way)
- He's not very clever.
5. She is short. She is (very tall/not very tall/ a bit tall) (Choose)
6. He can't play volleyball. He's not.....(Make this sentence more polite)
- He's not very good at playing volleyball.
7. Hind is bad at history. She's not.....at history.
(Make this sentence more polite)
- She's not very good at history.
8. Zaid is unfriendly (Make this sentence more polite)
- Zaid is a bit unfriendly.
9. She can't sing. She's not..... (Make this sentence more polite)
- She's not very good at singing.
10. She can't paint. She can't..... (Make this sentence more polite)
- She can't paint very well

11. She's boring. She's..... (Make this sentence more polite)

- She's a bit boring.

12. She can't sing. She's not..... (Make this sentence more polite)

- She's not very good at singing.

قطع وقصص الكتاب

1- سيارة السنة Car of the year

1- What is the name of the car of the year?

-The Panther 3.0D.

2. How many seats are there in the panther 3.0D?

-There are eight seats

4. Who are interested in the engine?

- Some young men

6. What are the safety features in the panther 3.0D?

-There are airbags for the driver and the passenger

7. Not all passengers can feel safe inside the Panther. (T/F)

8. You don't need to think about charting points when you own a Panther. (T/F)

9. Only the front of the car has electric seats and windows. (T/F)

10. The Panther takes care of your pocket and the planet (T/F)

2- مول الجواهر Cevahir Mall

1. Where is the mall?

It's in Istanbul Turkey

2. When did it open?

In 2005

3. how many floors does it have?

Six floors

4. Can you pray at the mall?

Yes, I can.

5. can I contact the office at 9 am?

No, you can't

3- قصة الزبون المحظوظ Lucky customer

1- Describe Kareem's character?

- Hardworking , imaginative, patience

2- How many times Kareem had read all of AL-Nawab's poems at least ?

-at least twice

3- How did Kareem find AL-Nawab's poems ?

- He found them very interesting.

4- What was Kareem's dream ?

- His dream was to be a famous poet .

5. Where does the story take place?

-In Al Mutanabbi street.

6. Why was Kareem sad when arrived to the bookshop?

-Because there was a long queue forming.

7. What was Kareem's dream?

-To be a famous poet one day.

8. Why did the shop owner give Kareem a prize?

-He was the 50th customer in the shop that day.

9. Why was Kareem so happy with the prize?

-Because his patience was being rewarded.

الانشاء

Q1/ Write an advertisement for a product.

The slim line watch is neat and perfect watch for athletes. It is fast to set up and use. It is waterproof and comes in six colors. It has a battery that lasts for 10 hours. The watch also includes functions like a step counter and a heart rate monitor. It is quite cheap: it only costs you 150.000 IQD.

التعاريف والمفردات

طابق الكلمات وتعريفها			
1	It makes cars , boats , and planes move	A	queue
2	A person who helps other is	B	adverts
3	Three or more people waiting line	C	an engine
4	Words and pictures to help sell things	D	helpful
1. C 2. D 3. A 4. B			

طابق الكلمات التالية لكي تكون كلمات مركبة			
1	sweet	A	brakes
2	Car	B	proof
3	information	C	bag
4	dick	D	shop
5	insect	E	pool
6	air	F	desk
7	swimming	G	park
8	video	H	roof
9	sun	I	bin
10	litter	J	assistant
11	shop	K	game
1. D 2. G 3. F 4. A 5. B 6. C 7. E 8. K 9. H 10. I 11. J			

الاملاء

اعطِ معاكسات الكلمات التالية

1	terrible	fantastic	2	dangerous	safe
3	boring	fun	4	expensive	cheap
5	excellent	awful	6	ugly	beautiful
7	unimportant	important	8	old fashioned	modern
9	short	tall	10	happy	sad
11	friendly	unfriendly	12	stupid	clever
13	lazy	hardworking	14	fat	thin
15	Comfortable	uncomfortable			

اعطِ مرادفات الكلمات التالية

1	thin	slim	2	not difficult	easy
3	various	different	4	good-looking	attractive
5	all	whole	6	can be moved	portable
7	every	whole			

اضف المقطع ing الى الافعال التالية

1	do	doing	2	play	playing
3	hit	hitting	4	act	acting
5	stop	stopping	6	phone	phoning
7	go	going	8	make	making
9	leave	leaving	10	write	writing
11	run	running	12	see	seeing
13	eat	eating	14	look	looking
15	come	coming	16	swim	swimming
17	read	reading	18	work	working
19	sit	sitting	20	lie	lying

حول الاسماء التالية الى صيغة الجمع

1	leg	legs	2	bakery	bakeries
3	story	stories	4	box	boxes
5	school	schools	6	wolf	wolves
7	hospital	hospitals	8	knife	knives
9	dog	dogs	10	wife	wives
11	medal	medals	12	dish	dishes
13	dress	dresses	14	house	houses
15	shop	Shops	16	book	books
17	car	cars	18	day	days
19	monkey	monkeys	20	watch	watches

الوحدة الثانية

المواضيع القواعدية

1- يحب / لا يحب Like / Dislike

- 1- We don't like noise in the classroom (make , making , makes)
- 2- We enjoy near beach. (camping , camped , camp)
- 3- Express your dislike concerning flies .
-I don't like flies.
- 4- Express your dislike concerning spiders .
I don't like spiders.
- 5- Express your dislike concerning hedgehogs .(Use: hate)
I hate hedgehogs.

2- التعبير عن التفضيل Expressing preference

1. I'd like (go, going, to go) to the theatre.
2. I'd rather (helping, help, to help) my mother in the kitchen.
3. I'd rather (go, gone, to go) to the beach and play football.
4. I'd love ----- poems. (reading / to read / read).
5. I'd love (to go/ going) to summer school this year.
- 6- I'd love (have) tea in the café. (correct)
- I'd love to have tea in the café.

7-Use (I'd love.....) to express your preference concerning playing tennis.

I'd love to play tennis.

8-Express your preference concerning watching action films. (use: I'd rather)

I'd rather watch action films .

9-Express your preference concerning going to the mall. (use: I'd love to)

I'd love to go to the mall .

10. (watch a film) (express your preference using: "I'd rather)

- I'd rather watch a film.

11. They'd rather ----- football on the beach. (playing / to play / play).

12- What's your favourite colour ? (Express your preference using : white)

- I like white .

13. What's your favorite hobby ? (Express your preference using : "fishing")

- I like fishing .

14. My favourite game is football. Agree to this preference.

- Yes, I agree او Yes, I'd love to.

15. I'd rather..... at home because of the coldness.

(stay/ stayed/ to stay)

16. My favourite hobby is swimming. (agree to this preference)

- Yes, I agree او Yes, I'd love to.

3- عمل اقتراح Making suggestion

1. How aboutto the mall.(go , going , to go)
2. How about.....a TV? (watch , watching , to watch)
3. Let's (go , to go , going) to the library.
4. Why not (go/going/to go) to the funfair?
5. Where would you like..... this afternoon? (go/ to go/going)
6.go to the park? (let's/ how about/ why not)
- 7.How about (go) to the mall ? (correct the verb)
How about going to the mall ?
8. How about (send) an email to our friends? (correct)
How about sending an email to our friends?
- 9.Make suggestion to your little brother who has a toothache . (use : see the dentist)
Why not see the dentist ? او let's see the dentist
10. How about/ go/ to the beach? (make suggestion)
- How about going to the beach?
11. Make suggestion with (Let's). (Use: go to the mall)
- Let's go to the mall.
12. (go to the mall this afternoon) (Use: Would you like)
- Would you like to go to the mall this afternoon?
- 13.Make suggestion to your little brother about where to spend the holiday.
(use: How about)
How about going to the zoo ?

14. suggest to your little brother about where to spend the weekend (use: let's)

Let's go to the cinema.

15. Suggest a place to with your friend. (Use: How about/ museum)

- How about going to the museum?

16- Let's (go/going) to the beach.

17. How about (visit/visiting/to visit) our sick friend?

18- Let's play tennis, (Accept this suggestion)

Yes, let's.

19- Let's go for a picnic today. (Accept)

Yes, let's.

Yes , why not

20- Agree to your friend's suggestion to study English together .

- Yes, let's او That's a good idea.

21- Agree to your friend's suggestion to go to the museum .

- Yes, let's او That's a good idea.

That's a good idea .

4- عمل الدعوات Making invitation

- 1- Invite your friend to come to the school graduation party .(use: Would like)
- Would you like to come to the school graduation party ?
- 2- Invite your friend to come to the theatre (use: Would like)
-Would you like to come to the theater ?
- 3- Invite your friend to come to the party in your home .
-Would you like to come to the party in my home ?
- 4- Invite your friend to have a cup of tea with you . (use : would you like)
-Would you like to have a cup of tea with me?
- 5- Invite your friend to come to your brother's wedding .
-Would you like to come to my brother's wedding ?
- 6- Invite your friend to go with you on a picnic . (use : Would you like)
- Would you like to go with me on a picnic ?
- 7- Invite your friend to come to your birthday party . (use : Would like)
Would you like to come to my birthday party ?

5-المضارع البسيط Present simple

- 1- Fatima (like) grapes . (present simple)
-Fatima likes grapes .
- 2- Huda enjoys playing tennis . (Negative)
- Huda doesn't enjoy playing tennis .
- 3- Rana cooks chicken well . (Negative)
-Rana doesn't cook chicken well .
- 4- He goes to mall every weekend . (Question)
-Does he go to the mall every weekend ?

5- They often Their grandfather at the weekends. (visit / visits / will visit)

6- Mazin visits his uncle every weekend . (Negative)

- Mazin doesn't visit his uncle every weekend .

7- Najat goes to the mall every weekend . (Question)

Does Najat go to the mall every weekend ?

8. She has a nice dress. (negative)

- She doesn't have a nice dress.

9. football/ play/ well?/he/Can. (put in order to make question)

- Can you play football well?

10. (does/ wear/what/he/?) (put in the correct order)

- What does he wear?

11. (he/ does/?/where/live) (put in the correct order)

- Where does he live?

12. (his homework/ sometimes /in the morning/he/does) (put it in order to make sentence)

- He sometimes does his homework in the morning.

6- الماضي البسيط Past simple

1- I (watch) an interesting film last night . (Correct the verb)

- I watched an interesting film last night .

2- He went to school yesterday . (Negative)

- He didn't go to school yesterday .

3- They helped an old man cross the street . (Question)

- Did they help an old man cross the street ?

4- The hall was empty . (make the sentence : Negative)

- The hall wasn't empty .

5- It (not / rain) a lot last night. (correct)

- It didn't rain a lot last night .

6- Where (do) you go yesterday ? (correct the verb)

- Where did you go yesterday ?

7- Ahmed helped his father yesterday . (Negative)

- Ahmed didn't help his father yesterday .

8- We moved to a new house ----- (next week / every week / last week)

9- Yesterday, we ----- well for exam. (study / studied / studies)

10- I ----- my uncle to days ago . (visited / visiting / visit)

11. Sara arrived very early.....(yesterday/ tomorrow/now)

12. He (arrive) home yesterday. (Past simple)

- arrived

13. Salim his friend two days ago.

(will meet/ is going to meet/met)

14. Farouq (be) in the north of Iraq last month. (correct the verb)

- was

15. I (see) him an hour ago .(correct the verb)

- saw

16. My brothers (be) in Basra last month. (Use the correct form)

- were

قطف وقصص الكتاب

1- برنامج تلفزيوني مضحك A TV Comedy

1- How old is Lucy ?

she is 16 years old.

2-How is Samara's brother?

He is very clumsy.

3- What did Samara's brother put in his mother's tea?

He put salt instead of sugar .

4- Where does Samar's brother fall?

He falls in the pool

5- Samar's brother is very clumsy and he always having silly accidents .

6. What is the name of the girl Lucy plays?

-Samara.

7. What is Samara's brother like?

-He is very clumsy and is always having silly accidents.

8. what does Lucy say about filming the latest episode?

-She enjoyed it because they go away as a family on a holiday.

9. How did samara's brother get so wet?

-He fell in the pool with all his clothes on.

10. What did samara's brother spill at lunch?

-He spilled his drink.

Karam قصة كرم

1. Karam helped his brothers with their (homework / housework)
2. Karam ran into the road to save (his mother, his brother, a little girl)
3. Why was Karam lucky after his accident?
-He had a loving and supportive family.
4. Karam didn't do well academically when he returned to school. (T / **F**)
5. Write four things Karam missed about playing basketball.
-Physical activity, the speed, the teamwork and competition of his favorite sport.
6. Who helped Karam return to playing basketball?
-His PE teacher.

الانشاء

Q1 \ Write an e-mail invitation to school Graduation party .

From : Ali

To : Zaid

Subject : school graduation party

Hi Zaid

How are you ? Are you free on Sunday ? If you prefer , would you like to come to the graduation party ? you must come because the party will be really amazing and you can enjoy your time . The party will be held on the school hall and it will start at 6 o'clock in the afternoon . Don't forget to come to the party in the right time .

Warm regards,

Ali .

Q2 \ Write a fact file about your favourite film .

A fact file about a film	
Sections	Notes
a. Title	1. Mission impossible
b. Released	2. 2000
c. Genre	3. Action
d. Director	4. john Woo
e. Scrip writer	5. Brannon Braga
f. Stars	6. Tom Cruise and Ving Rhames
g. The story	7. A secret agent is sent to destroy a very dangerous virus

التماريث والمفردات

طابق الكلمات وتعاريفها

1	someone who works in an office.	A	sports
2	a business's money after expenses	B	opinion
3	activities like running, jumping and swimming	C	Clerk
4	always having silly accidents	D	profit
	an assessment of something	E	clumsy
1. C	2. D	3. A	4. E 5. B

طابق الكلمات التالية

1	go	A	a book
2	have	B	TV
3	borrow	C	to the cinema
4	write	D	a game
5	spend	E	a picnic
6	watch	F	the morning
7	play	G	a letter
1. C	2. E	3. A	4. G 5. F 6. B 7. D

الاملاء

حول الافعال التالية الى صيغة الماضي

1	do	did	2	get	got
3	win	won	4	lose	lost
5	clean	cleaned	6	try	tried
7	leave	left	8	enjoy	enjoyed
9	go	went	10	arrive	arrived
11	send	sent	12	watch	watched
13	fly	flew	14	see	saw
15	spend	spent	16	is	was
17	look	looked	18	stop	stopped
19	worry	worried	20	laugh	laughed

الوحدة الثالثة

المواضيع القواعدية

1- المقارنة

- 1- My house is ----- than yours . (biggest / big / **bigger**)
- 2- This is the ----- interesting book I have ever read . (more / **most**)
- 3-Which is cleverest student in the class? (**the** / a / the most)
- 4- Cows are bigger than goats. (Rewrite the sentence using "as as")
Goats aren't as big as cows.
- 5 -A bear is not as fast as a lion. (Re-write the sentence below. Use "faster")
A lion is a bear
A lion is faster than a bear.
- 6- Cows are bigger than goats. (Use: as.....as)
Goats aren't as big as cows.
- 7- Hilla is greener than ----- be (it used / used to / **it used to**)
- 8- Libya is bigger than it ----- (it used to be / used to / **used to be**)
- 9- Iraq isthan it used to be (**greener** / as green as / greener)
- 10- Baghdad is more crowded than -----be (**it used to** / used to / it used)
11. Monkeys are more intelligent than bears. (Rewrite the sentence using as.... as)
Bear are not monkeys.
- Bears are not as intelligent as monkeys.

12. A lion is faster than a bear. (Rewrite the sentence using as.... as)

- A bear is not as fast as a lion.

13. A bear is bigger than a wolf. (Re-write the sentence. Use: "small")

- A wolf is smaller than a bear.

14. Gold is more expensive than silver. (Re-write the sentence as follows. Use:

"cheap"). Silver than gold.

- Silver is cheaper than gold.

15. A giraffe is not (as big as / bigger/ big) an elephant.

16. A giraffe is not as bigger as an elephant. (Correct the underlined word "bigger")

- big

17. The insects ate..... plants than the birds. (many/much/more)

18. An elephant is bigger than a giraffe.

- A giraffe is (Rewrite using : small)

- A giraffe is smaller than an elephant.

19. A mouse is not a rat. (as big as / bigger/ biggest)

20. Which is (the/more/ the most) fastest living thing?

21. Kut is greener thanbe. (it used/ it used to / it was used)

22. A bear is bigger than a wolf. (Rewrite the sentence using as.... as)

A wolf is not

-A wolf is not as big as a bear.

23. Cows are (as big as/ bigger than/ the biggest) goats.

24. A mouse is not as as a rat. (big / bigger/)

2- الضمائر Pronouns

- 1- Many animals are useful to (we / our / ours / us)
- 2- Eaten too much is very bad for (our / ours / us)
- 3- Some bacteria are useful to ----- (our / us / ours)
- 4- The Bedouin used ----- falcons to catch birds for food . (their / there / them)
- 5- ----- parents feel happy when I get good marks (I / my / me)
- 6- The Bedouin usedfalcons to catch birds for food. (their / there / them)
- 7- Saleem fell down and broke ...his.... leg . (Use a proper pronoun)
8. I fell down and broke ... my Hand . (use proper pronoun)
9. Rana fell down the stairs and broke ... her .. hand .(use the proper pronoun)
10. Dania studied really hard and ...her...Hard work was rewarded .
(hers/she/her)
11. Ali fell down and broke his leg. (Use the suitable pronoun)
12. Not all bacteria are harmful to (we/ our/us)
13. Jassim broke his leg and couldn't walk. (his/ him/he)
14. Mrs. Fatima asked Mariam a question. Mariam gave (her/she/ hers) a good answer.
15. Ahmed gave his mother and father a present. He gave it to (they/them) yesterday.

3- الجمل الشرطية Conditionals

1. First conditional الحالة الأولى

1- If people grow a lot taller , they (need) bigger house . (Correct)

- will need.

2- What will happen if you (come / came / comes) late to school .

3- Sameer (comes / came / will come) to the party if he has spare time .

4- You ----- the exam if don't study hard . (would fail / will fail / failed)

5- I ----- the doctor if I am bitten by animal . (would see / will see / would have seen)

6- What will happen if people ----- to grow taller . (continue / continued / continues)

7. If I have a spare time , I my father.

(would help/ would have helped/will help)

8. You'll miss the bus if you get up soon.

(won't/don't /didn't)

9. If people live longer, we (need) more health service. (correct)

- will need.

10. If you to many sweets, you will feel ill.

(will eat/ eat/ would eat)

11. If I bake a cake,..... have some?

(do you/ will you)

2- Second conditional الحالة الثانية

- 1- If I had lots of money , I ----- buy a new car . (would / will / am)
- 2- If there (were , was , are) no spiders ,there would be more insects .
- 3- If I was bitten by animal , I ----- to a doctor. (will go / went / would go)
4. If there were no spiders, there be more insects. (will/ would/can)
5. If he had lots of money, he..... the poor. (will help/ help/ would help)
6. Jamal would start his own business if he lots of money.
(has/ have/had)
7. What would you do if you (snake) ? (correct the verb)
- saw.
8. If there was a spider in the room, I It outside.
(put/ will put/ would put)
9. What would happen if (there are/ were/ there were) fewer snakes?
10. If we didn't have any spiders, we (have) more mosquitoes.
(correct the verb)
- would have.
11. If Salah had lots of money, he (go) on holiday around the world. (correct)
- would go.
12. If Haitham passed his exam, he the university.
(will join/ would have joined/ would join)
13. If there.....more mosquitoes, we would get more bites.
(are/was/were)

14. If Salah had lots of money, his house a swimming pool. (correct)
(will have/have/would have)

15. I would help you with your work if I spare time. (have/had/has)

16. If I was going to a wild place, I My father first. (told/will tell/would tell)

17. If I (see/saw) a bear, I would stand still and not make it angry.

18. If we were quicker, we (win) the running race. (correct)
- **would win.**

19. If Sally (not/fall) , she wouldn't hurt herself. (correct the verb)
- **did not fall.**

4- استخدام So / neither

1. My favourite game is football. (Agree this preference)
So am I

2. I am afraid of snakes. (Disagree this preference)
I am not

3. I don't mind flies. (so do , neither do I , neither am I)

4. I like spider. (**so do I** , neither do I , so am I)

5. I'm going to the zoo tomorrow. Really? (so do I / **So am I**)

6. I'm afraid of rats. (So am I / **neither am I** / neither I am)

7. She is afraid of dogs. (**so am I** /so do I / so did I)

8. I love chocolate. (**So do I** / do I / neither do I)

9. They don't like horror stories (**neither do I** / so do I / Neither am I).

5- المبني للمجهول Passive voice

المضارع البسيط المبني للمجهول

1. Crops such as rice, barely and wheat (grown/ **are grown**/ is grown) by the marshes Arabs.
2. Cottons and sugar..... in Sudan (is grown/ **are grown**/ grown)
3. Crops ----- by marsh Arabs . (grow / are grow / **are grown**)
4. Crops such as barely, wheat and rice (are grow/ grow/ **are grown**) in the marshes.
5. Chairs and tables of wood. (are making/ are make/ **are made**)
6. Farmers grow cotton and sugar in Sudan. (Re-write the sentence in passive)
- Cotton and sugar are grown in Sudan.
7. Cotton and sugar in Sudan. (**are grown**/grow/ are growing)
8. Traditional boats as transport. (used/ **are used**/ is used)

الماضي البسيط المبني للمجهول

1. I lost my wallet in the mall. My wallet..... in the mall.
(was losing/ **was lost**/ lost)
7. My watch -----in the market last week .(Stolen / **was stolen** / is stolen)
3. He broke his leg playing football. His leg in the football match.
(was breaking/ broke/ **was broken**)
4. My mother's wallet..... at the mall yesterday.
(**was stolen**/ stole/ was stealing)

5. Her father bought Layla a new camera last week. (complete the sentence in passive). Layla..... a new camera last week.

- Layla was bought a new camera last week.

6. Too many mobile phones (were thrown / throw / thrown)

المستقبل البسيط المبني للمجهول بأستخدام (**might / can't / can**)

1- Snakes (can find , can be find , **can be found**) in desert.

2. Lions can't (find) in Iraq. (correct the verb)

- can't be found.

3. A camel can't (race) without a rider. (correct the verb into passive)

- **can't be raced.**

4. Gazelles can (hunt) by loins . (passive)

- **Gazelles can be hunted by loins .**

5. Where can you find wild flamingo ? (change into passive)

- **Where can wild flamingo be found?**

6. A lot of animals can (frighten) by humans . (correct in passive)

- **can be frightened.**

6. Bats can (see)in the desert . (complete with passive form)

- **Bats can be seen in the desert.**

المضارع التام البسيط المبني للمجهول

- 1- My tools ----- by some body .(has stolen / stolen / **have been stolen**)
- 2- A new species has ----- (discover/ **been discovered**/be discovered)
3. Rawan found the hedgehog. (Re-write in passive)
- The hedgehogs was found.

قطع وقصص الكتاب

1- اسرع الكائنات الحية The fastest living thing

1. Which animal is faster than any other living thing?

Falcon

2. When did the Bedouin learn to catch falcon?

More than a thousand years ago.

3. What did the Bedouin live on before falconry?

They lived on dates, milk and bread.

4. Why haven't too many birds been killed?

Because the government has set up protected areas for birds.

2- قصة كيفية ملئ الفراغ How to fill a space

1. Where did the merchant live?

-He lived in a large, strong house with a beautiful garden.

2. Why did the merchant give his riches to his son?

-Because he wanted to spend more time relaxing in his garden.

3. What did Majid buy?

-Straw

4. What did Ali buy

-Feathers

5. What did Hamad buy?

-A candle

الانشاء

Q1 \ Write a paragraph about a wild life .

They wildlife in Iraq marshes is very natural . people raise sheep and cattle .

They plant

rice , wheat and barley . They live in arched houses . They use boats for

transport . You find birds like flamingo , pelicans and heron . some people live

on fishing . You can find different types of fish in the marshes .

التمارييف والمفردات

طابق الكلمات وتعاريفها			
1	the opposite of the safe	A	falcon
2	sit and travel on a horse or camel	B	crops
3	the fastest bird in the world	C	dangerous
4	rice and wheat, for example	D	ride
1. C 2. D 3. A 4. B			

الاملاء

حول الصفات التالية الى صيغة المقارنة					
1	long	longer	2	terrible	more terrible
3	tall	taller	4	comfortable	more comfortable
5	fit	fitter	6	tidy	tidier
7	small	smaller	8	hot	hotter
9	helpful	more helpful	10	dry	drier
11	noisy	noisier	12	clean	cleaner
13	good	better	14	cheap	cheaper
15	heavy	heavier	16	quiet	quieter
17	useful	more useful	18	cold	colder
19	wet	wetter	20	thin	thinner
21	happy	happier	22	sunny	sunnier

حول الصفات التالية الى صيغة المفاضلة					
1	long	longest	2	interesting	most interesting
3	useful	most useful	4	sad	saddest
5	clean	cleanest	6	small	smallest
7	fast	fastest	8	useful	most useful

حول ضمائر الفاعل الى ضمائر مفعول به

1	I	me	2	we	us
3	him	he	4	they	them
5	her	she	6	it	it

حول ضمائر الفاعل الى صفات تملك

1	I	my	2	we	our
3	him	his	4	they	their
5	her	her	6	it	its

الوحدة الرابعة

المواضيع القواعدية

لا تحتوي هذه الوحدة على مواضيع قواعدية جديدة وانما تعتبر مراجعة شاملة لجميع قواعد الوحدات السابقة لذلك .

اسئلة شاملة لجميع قواعد الوحدة الاولى والثانية والثالثة

1. (he/?/is/science/good/at/and/maths) (Put the words in the correct order to make a question)
- Is he good at maths and Science?
2. I'd rather to the library. (go/ to go/going)
3. Your sister will miss the bus if she get up soon. (won't/ doesn't)
4. Where can you find wild flamingos . (change into passive)
- Where can wild flamingos be found?
5. Ali fell down and brokehis.....leg. (Use the suitable pronoun)

قطع وقصص الكتاب

1- قصة حياة ابراهيم Ibrahim's Life Story

- 1-Ibrahim was not interested in animals until he went to school . (F)
- 2- He found out about animals from television . (F)
- 3- He moved to Baghdad when he was 17 . (F)
- 4- Pierre helped Ibrahim learn French . (T)
- 5- Ibrahim wrote a book at university . (F)

2- عدد قليل من الفهود Too few leopards!

1. Why was there a big decrease in numbers?
-Because the loss of habitat, hunting and war.
2. Why can't people hunt leopards?
-Because they are endangered.
3. Why is Bamo Mountain the perfect place for leopards?
-Because it is remote.

الانشاء

Q1 \ Write about your life .

My name is Hussein . I was born in Baghdad and I also live in it with my family .
I have got two brothers Ahmad and Hassan . my dream was to become a
teacher . My favorite lesson was English . my favorite hobbies are
Photography and I like playing football . I love reading novels in my spare time
.I hope to be a good teacher .

الاملاء

اعط معاكسات الصفات التالية					
1	fast	slow	2	dangerous	safe
3	awful	fantastic	4	noisy	quiet
5	expensive	cheap	6	sad	happy
7	ugly	beautiful	8	young	old

الوحدة الخامسة

المواضيع القواعدية

1- ادوات الربط (when/and)(while/as)

1. when my father called her, suha.....(reads, was reading, were reading)
2. Many people (were waiting/ waited/ wait) when the minister arrived at 10 a.m.
3. He (spoke/ was speaking/ speak) to the public before leaving at 2p.m.
4. The president (read) his emails when he got the invitation to visit Iraq
(correct)
- was reading.
5. What was Salma (doing/do) before the dog ran at her?

2- المستقبل البسيط Future simple

1. I'm leave school as soon as I'm 16. (go/ will/ going to)
2. I'm (will/ going to/ going) see a football match tomorrow with my friends.
3. I (leave) school as soon as, I'm 16. (future : going to)
- I am going to leave.
- 4- She ----- the Art college next year . (has joined / was joining / will join)
- 5- The train will (leave / leaving / left / leaves) soon .
- 6-It is cloudy , I think it will (rains / raining / rain)
7. The match is (will/going to) start at 7 o'clock.

قطع وقصص الكتاب

1- اخبار العراق الصباحية Iraqi morning news

1- Where did the Iraqi minister of education arrive?

He arrived in London at 10 a.m.

10- What was Salma doing at the start of the story?

She was playing with a ball.

7- What did the sports minister open?

He opened a new sports city in Basra yesterday

2- درس عظيم للجميع A powerful Lesson for everyone

1. Which newspaper run the competition?

Al Sabah newspaper

2. Where did Salam write his first report?

At a big restaurant

3. What two things did Salam take with him?

Notebook and Camera

4. Why were the customers disgusted with the old man?

He dropped food on his shirt and trouser.

5. What did the boy leave behind in the restaurant?

A lesson for every son and hope for every father.

الانشاء

Q1 \ Write about TV program.

I watch a good program last night . It was really interesting program about elephants and it also very funny . There were some elephants by a pool and they were very thirsty .
there was a cameraman filming and a reporter talking to the camera when one elephants blew water into the air . The cameraman and the reporter got very wet .

التعاريف والمفردات

طابق الكلمات وتعريفها

1	It tells a funny story	A	Sport
2	News about companies, money etc	B	Documentary
3	A question and answer program	C	Fashion
4	News about football , tennis , etc	D	Comedy
5	Information about sun, rain, and temperature	E	Home News
6	It gives information about one subject	F	Arts
7	News about clothes	G	Quiz show
8	News form your own country	H	Talk show
9	Conversation between famous people	I	Business
10	News about art . plays .paintings. etc.	J	Weather
1. D 2. I 3. G 4. A 5. J 6. B 7. C 8. E 9. H 10. F			

طابق الكلمات التالية			
1	score	A	race
2	win	B	gymnastic
3	play	C	tennis
4	run	D	goal
5	do	E	medal
1. D 2. E 3. C 4. A 5. B			

الوحدة السادسة

المواضيع القواعدية

1- ادوات التعريف والتنكير Definite and indefinite articles

- 1- I want to be teacher . (an / a / the)
- 2- Have you read (an / a / the) English book .
- 3- Can I have apple, please? (an / a / the)
- 4- There were no chairs so we have to sit onfloor. (the / a / an)
- 5- I like..... apples that grow in our garden . (an / a / the)
6. Hayder is teacher. (the / a / an)

2- ضمائر الوصل Relative pronouns

- 1- A vet is someone (where / who / which) takes care of sick animals .
- 2- I saw the man house was sold yesterday . (who / which / whose)
- 3- That is the man was stopped by the police . (who / which / where)
- 4- Do you know the name of the town..... he was born . (who / which / where)
- 5- The story I borrowed from Mona was interesting . (who / which / where)
6. School buildings, will be bigger, will have lots of new facilities. (which / that)

7. The teachers, could be anywhere in the world, will be export.
(which/**who**)
8. Where are the books (**that**/ and/who) I left here?
9. The story was about a man (**who**/what/where) lived near a forest.
10. I've bought some cake (**that**/who/what) my sister made yesterday.
11. They thanked the man saved the boy. (which/**who**/whose)
12. They thief..... stole the bike was put in prison. (which/**who**/whose)
13. That's the engineer (**who**/ which/where) designed the house.
14. The police arrested the thief Stole the money. (which/**who**/where)
15. My family decided to buy the house has a big garden.
(where/whose/**which**)
16. Mazin bough the house garden is very beautiful. (who/**whose**/which)
17. That is the girlwon the top prize. (which/whose/**who**)
18. He was one of the most eminent physics..... ever lived. (**who**/which/also)

Direction الاتجاهات

- 1- I Ask someone the way to the Grand hotel .
Can you tell me how to get to the Grand hotel ?
- 2- Ask for the direction to the police library .
Can you tell me how to get to the police library ?
- 3- What do you say when you ask someone to show you the way to the hospital ?
Can you tell me how to get to the hospital ?
4. Can you tell me to the mall? (**how to get**/ next to)

قطع وقصص الكتاب

1- مدرسة المستقبل The school of future

1. Students will learn with other students all around the world. (T)
2. There won't be any school buildings. (F)
3. Lesson times be arranged to suite different students. (T)
4. Schools in the future will have more technology. (T)
5. Schools in the future will be smaller. (F)
6. Students will need access to the internet. (T)
7. All students will study sport, Music and Science. (T)

2- مهنة مشهورة A famous career

1- What made Ibn Al-Haitham famous ?

He made experiments on the movement of light, colors, optical illusions and reflections

2- How many works did Ibn Al-Haitham write?

Ibn Al-Haitham wrote more 200 works

3- When was Ibn Al-Haitham born?

in 965

4- Where was Ibn Al-Haitham born?

5- Which scientific explanation did he gave?

He gave a scientific explanation of the parts of the eye and the process of vision.

6- How many of his work have survived?

More than 50

3- قصة العمل الشاق يأتي بثماره Hard work pays

1. Who did Dalia live with?

With her old grandparents

2 . What decisions did Dalia make about the farm?

She bought new, disease-resistant seeds, modernized the farm's system and marketed the farm's products to customers at the local market.

3. what did Dalia's new business do?

To give management advice to other farms.

4. Huda and Mariam were (happy / surprised / angry) about Dalia's success.

الانشاء

Q1 \ Write a paragraph about a career of a person.

Nour Sabri is an Iraqi football player. He was born in 1984 in Baquba. He plays football with the national Iraqi team. After he had finished school , he achieved his dream to be a footballer. He worked and practiced a lot to be a good player. He enjoys playing football and making his family and people happy. He might have some pains in his leg. His plan for the future is to be a famous coach.

التعاريف والمفردات

طابق الكلمات التالية مع تعاريفها

1	regulate	A	to add or give something extra
2	propose	B	not easy or sensible to do
3	impractical	C	a statement that makes something easy to understand
4	optics	D	to control or keep something working in the best way
5	explanation	E	to suggest something for people to decide on
6	contribute	F	the science of light and how it move
1. D 2. A 3. B 4. F 5. C 6. E			

الوحدة السابعة

المواضيع القواعدية

1- ترتيب الظروف Adverbs order

- I, to Syria, in the holiday, by bus, travelled. (pus in order to make sentence)
I travelled by bus to Syria in the holiday.
- Sami played.....(well last week in the race/**well in the race last week** / in the race last week well)
- Zahraa did.....(well yesterday in the exam/in the exam well yesterday/ **well in the exam yesterday**)
- Hussein drove (carefully yesterday in the trip / yesterday carefully in the trip / **carefully in the trip yesterday**)
- It rained.....(last night heavily in Baghdad/**heavily in Baghdad last night**/ in Baghdad heavily last night)

6. (his homework/sometimes/in the morning/he/does) (put it in order to make sentence)

- He sometimes does his homework in the morning.

2- المضارع التام البسيط present perfect simple

1- I have never ----- a crocodile. (seen / saw / see)

2. My brother (be) in Egypt two for two years. (correct the verb)

- has been.

3. I in this school for three years. (have/been/have been)

4. I (see/never) a crocodile. (present perfect)

- I have never seen.

5. Mr. Smith (live) here for eight years. (present perfect)

- Mr. Smith has lived.

3- استخدام since/for

1-They have been talking (for / since) eight o'clock .

2- He has had that motorbike (since / for) three years .

3- I have had this car (for / since) November .

4- They have been married (since / for) three years .

5- We haven't seen her (since / for) 1990 .

6- The teacher hasn't known the class (since / for) a long time .

7- I have lived in this house (since / for / age) ten years .

8- I have been living in this village ----- 2010 . (since / for / age)

4- الاعتذار / الأسف Apologize

1- Apologize to your father for coming late.

- I'm sorry for coming late.

2- Apologize to your headmaster for being late for the first lesson .

- I'm sorry for being late for the first lesson.

3- Apologize for your teacher for being late for the class .

- I'm sorry for coming late for the class.

4- My stomach feels very sore (Apologize)

I'm sorry-

5-Hey ! you just knocked my bag on the floor . (Apologize)

I'm sorry-

6- Your teacher has said something you didn't understand you want him to repeat it .

Pardon ?

7- I'm sorry . I just drooped some water on your shoes. (Respond to this apology)

That's ok / don't mention it .

8- I'm sorry for forgetting your birthday (pardon ? / don't mention it)

9- The cake is a little dry . I'm sorry . (Accept this apology)

That's ok. or don't mention it .

10- Sorry for being late (Accept)

That's ok. or don't mention it .

11- I'm sorry . I just dropped the orange juice on the table . (Respond to the apology)

That's ok. or don't mention it .

12- Sorry I just dropped some orange juice on the table.(Respond to apology)

That's ok. or don't mention it .

قطع وقصص الكتاب

1- دولتان افريقيتان Two African countries

- 1-Libya is mostly desert . (T/F)
- 2-The capital of Sudan is Khartoum . (T/F)
- 3-It is always very hot in Libya . (T/F)
- 4-There is no agriculture . (T/F)
- 5-Sudan gets most of its water from the blue Nile . (F/T)
- 6-Libya produces oil . (T/F)

2- الألعاب الاسيوية The Asian Games

- 1-How often do the games take place ?
Every four years .
- 2-When did they begin ?
in 1951
- 3-Whose idea was it to hold the games ?
The idea come from India .
- 4-Where were the first games held ?
In India

3- معاً من اجل مدرسة افضل Together for a better school

1. Ammar couldn't tidy the school grounds alone. (True/False)
2. Who brought the lawn mower?

Fahad's brother

3. What happened to the students when the term began?

They got certificates and became environment ambassadors for the school.

الانشاء

Q1 \ Write about your country .

Japan not very big country, but it has a large population. Industry is very important. Japan makes cars, computers and all kinds of things for the home. The farmers grow rice and vegetable . it is very interesting for visitors. They can see old temples and beautiful garden. They can also go shopping in big modern stores. Japan famous food is sushi and Japanese people eat food with chopsticks not spoons

الاملاء

حول اسماء الدول التالية الى جنسيات

1	Iraq	Iraqi	2	France	French
3	Russia	Russian	4	Egypt	Egyptian
5	Japan	Japanese	6	Turkey	Turkish
7	Bahrain	Bahraini	8	Canada	Canadian
9	Britain	British	10	India	
11	India	Indian	12	China	Chinese

حول الصفات التالية الى ظروف

1	happy	happily	2	slow	slowly
3	horrible	horribly	4	comfortable	comfortably
5	sad	sadly	6	good	well
7	bad	badly	8	easy	easily

اعط معاكسات الصفات التالية

1	happily	unhappily	2	comfortably	uncomfortably
3	slowly	quickly / fast	4	in a friendly way	in an unfriendly way

الوحدة الثامنة

قطع وقصص الكتاب

1- سيرة حياة علي Ali's Career

1. Ali read a lot of books with his teachers at primary school. (T/F)
2. Why did Ali's parents want him to go to university?
- to get a good job.
3. Why did a vet come to the farm?
- because one of the cows got very sick.
4. He found the work difficult in his second year at secondary school. (T/F)
5. Ali wanted to stay at school at 16 and stay with his friends. (T/F)

الانشاء

Q1 \ Write about a simple event that happened to you.

Last week something really funny happened . my sister and I were getting ready to go to the grocery store with my mother . suddenly , my mother started looking for her keys and she was worried that my mother might get angry . she started running around the house and saying "I need to find the keys !" I said " Your keys in your hand ! "My mother looked in her hand and saw them . My mother looked very embarrassed , and my sister and I couldn't stop laughing .

التنقيط Punctuations

1- ali cant travel to basra next Friday

- Ali can't travel to Basra next Friday .

2- reem cant go with her sister nadia to arbil next week

- Reem can't go with her sister Nadia to Arbil next week .

3- Batool cant meet all her friends in mousl next friday

- Batool can't meet all her friends in Mousl next Friday.

4- nadia bought a beautiful little black french table

- Nadia bought a beautiful little black French table .

5- are there many new shops in al-mansour mall in baghdad

-Are there many new shops in Al-Mansour mall in Baghdad ?

6- are you a movie fan ? no im not

- Are you a movie fan ? No, I'm not .

7- would you like to swim in the pool yes id love it

- Would you like to swim in the pool ? Yes, I'd love it .

8. what did you do ali I watched liverpool on television

- What did you do Ali ? I watched Liverpool on television.

9. did dalia travel to egypt last april

- Did Dalia travel to Egypt last April?

10. are ahmed and faisal going to visit england

- Are Ahmed and Faisal going to visit England?

11. did wisam taha arrive in cairo yesterday

- Did Wisam Taha arrive in Cairo yesterday ?

12. was he happy yes he was

- Was he happy? Yes, he was.

Unseen Passages**القطع الخارجية****Q1) Read this text carefully.**

I work as a fire fighter in the fire station in my city. Yesterday I arrived at the fire station at 6 a.m. I checked everything as usual. Our first call was at 8 o'clock. We were called to an accident on the ring road. The police helped us to get there fast. One car was on fire and another car was upside down on the road. Fortunately, the driver of the burning car was standing by the side of the road. However, the driver of the other car was trapped. We put out the fire quickly and got the second driver out. He was badly injured. Then at the same night we were called at 12 o'clock because there was a fire in a big mall in the middle of the city. When we got there, the fire was burning strongly. The heat was terrible and some people were trapped inside. We put out the fire and we could go into the building and saved all the people. But some people had to go to the hospital. At the end of the day, I was tired and upset about the accidents.

Now answer (five) of the following questions: (15 M.)

1. When did the fire fighters arrive at the fire station?

They arrived at the fire station at 6 a.m. yesterday.

2. What happened to the two cars?

One car was on fire and another car was upside down on the road.

3. Was the driver of the burning car injured badly

No, he wasn't.

4. Who helped the fire fighters to go to the place of the first accident?

The police.

5. No body died in the two accidents? (True / False) **True**

6. Some people were trapped in the burning mall, but all of them were saved.

(True / False) **True**

7. The writer was happy and relaxed at the end of that day. (True / False) **False**

Q2) A / Read this text carefully:

Once an English family was living in China. One evening an important Chinese officer visited them. It came later and later and he still did not go, so his hostess had to invite him to have dinner with them. But she had very little food in the house, so she quickly went to the kitchen to speak to her Chinese cook. He said, "It is all right. You'll have a good dinner." When they sat down to eat, the hostess was surprised, because there was a lot of good food on the table. After the dinner she ran to the kitchen to ask the cook how he had made such a good meal in a very short time. He said, "I didn't make it, madam. I sent one of the servants to the Chinese officer's house and he brought back the Chinese officer's dinner."

Now answer (five) of the following questions: (10 M)

1. Did the English family have much food in their house?

No, it didn't.

2. When did the English officer visit the English family?

One evening.

3. Where was the English family living?

In China.

4. Why was the hostess surprised?

Because there was a lot of food on the table.

5. Who brought back the Chinese officer's dinner?

One of the servants.

6. Why did the hostess run to the kitchen after the dinner?

To ask the cook how he had made such a good meal in a very short time.

B) Describe (5) of the following sentences whether they are (True) or (False): (5 M)

1. The English family invited the Chinese officer to come to their house in the evening **False**

2. The hostess was very shy because the dinner was bad **False**

3. The Chinese officer had the dinner with the English family that night **True**

4. The hostess asked the cook to go and bring the dinner from the officer's house. **False**

5. The Chinese cook didn't make that good dinner. **True**

6. The cook brought the dinner from the Chinese officer's house. **False**

Q3. A. Read this text carefully:

Taj Mahal lies in India. It is one of the most beautiful buildings in the world. It has got very beautiful pools and gardens. It is pink in the early morning, white at midday and moonlit at night. Taj Mahal was the grave (tomb) for Mumtaz Mahal, the wife of the king Mahal. She was very beautiful and was the love of his life. She died in 1929 after the birth of their fourteenth child. The king didn't eat for eight days after her death and his black hair turned white. He decided to build a tomb in her memory. The master architect was from Turkey and his name was Ustad. Abdul Haq from Iran produced all the writing on the walls. The king decided to build the tomb near the front fort – the Royal palace. Taj Mahal has got four minarets, a dome, a mosque and four small rivers. The builders built the whole building from the marble.

Now answer (five) of the following questions: (10 M)

1. Where does Taj Mahal lie?

Taj Mahal lies in India.

2. What is the colour of Taj Mahal at midday?

White in midday.

3. When did the wife of the king die?

She died in 1929 after the birth of their fourteenth child.

4. Why didn't the king eat for eight days?

Because of the death of his wife.

5. Who was the master architect of Taj Mahal?

Ustad.

6. How many minarets does Taj Mahal have?

Four minarets.

B) Describe (5) of the following sentences whether they are (True) or (False): (5 M)

1. Taj Mae Mahal is the most garden in the world.
2. The king and his wife had got 14 children.
3. After the death of his wife the king was very sad.
4. The builders built Taj Mahal from Marble.
5. The Turkish architect produced all writing on the walls.
6. Mumtaz Mahal was the love of the king's life.

1. False 2. True 3. True 4. True 5. False 6. True

Q4) A) Read this text carefully.

When the plane came near to the airport, everyone knew that something was wrong. The plane was shaking strongly through the air. The passengers fastened their seat – belts but they were suddenly thrown towards. Then the flight – attendant appeared, she looked very pale but was calm. She told the passengers that the pilot felt sick and couldn't continue flying and asked if any of the passengers knew how to drive a car. After a moment a man went into the pilot's cabin. He took his seat and listened carefully to the instructions sent by radio from the airport below. The man guided the plane towards the airfield. He did his best but the plane shook strongly when it touched the ground and after a long run it stopped safely. Outside, a lot of people rushed towards to congratulate the pilot on the safe landing.

Now answer (five) of the following questions: (10 M)

1- How did the flight – attendant look when she appeared?

She looked very pale but was calm.

2- Could the man land safely in the airport?

Yes, he could.

3- Why did a lot of people rush towards the plane after landing?

Outside, a lot of people rushed towards to congratulate the pilot on the safe landing.

4- What did the flight – attendant tell the passengers?

She told the passengers that the pilot felt sick and couldn't continue flying.

5- Did the passengers fastened their seat – belts?

Yes, they did.

6- Why was the plane shaking through the air?

The pilot felt sick and couldn't continue flying.

B) Describe whether (5) of following statements are (True) or (False): (5 M)

1- The passengers knew that something was wrong when the plane was far from the airport.

2- The flight – attendant was pale because the passengers didn't fasten their seat – belts.

3- The pilot felt sick so he couldn't fly the plane.

4- The plane touched the ground strongly and burned.

5- The flight – attendant asked the passengers if there was anyone could treat the pilot.

6- The man guided the plane and listened carefully to the instructions sent from the airport.

1. False 2. False 3. True 4. False 5. False 6. True

Q5. A. Read this text carefully

Tariq left his house to go for a walk in the fields. The day was warm. He sat down at the end of a road. A small cat suddenly came out. It was thirsty. He gave it some water from a bottle he had. It drank the water and walked away. He felt happy. The next morning, he told his teacher about that. The teacher thanked him a lot and told the students to take care of animals because they are always in need of help. Then he chose Tariq as a chief of kind companion of animals group.

Now answer (five) of the following questions: (10 M)

1. How did Tariq feel when the thirsty cat drank and walked away?

He felt happy.

2. What was the weather like?

The day was warm.

3. Who did Tariq tell about the story of the cat?

He told his teacher about that.

4. What did the teacher tell the students to do with animals?

He told the students to take care of animals.

5. Why did Tariq leave the house?

Tariq left his house to go for a walk in the fields.

6. Where did Tariq sit down?

He sat down at the end of the road.

B / Describe (5) of the following sentences whether they are (True) or (False): (5 M.)

1. The teacher chose Tariq as a chief of kind companion of animals group.

2. The small cat wasn't thirsty.

3. Tariq left his house to go to the school.

4. The weather was rainy.

5. The teacher told the students to take care of animals.

6. Tariq drank the water and walked away.

1. True 2. False 3. False 4. False 5. True 6. False

Q6. A. Read this text carefully:

Jassim was very old and poor. Everybody tried to help him. Some neighbors came in each day and cooked meals for him. Others came and cleaned his room. There was little furniture in his room. It was small, dark and almost empty. There was a bed and table with two chairs. His room was often very cold. Jassim lived poorly all his life. He died at the age of eighty. Then his neighbors got a big surprise. He left 5,000,000 million Dinars.

Now answer (five) of the following questions: (10 M)

1. What did some neighbors cook for Jassim?

Some neighbor came in each day and cooked meals for him.

2. Why did everybody try to help Jassim?

Because he was very old and poor.

3. How old was he when he died?

He died at the age of eighty

4. How much money did Jassim leave?

He left 5,000,000 million dinars.

5. How was his room? 6. Why did his neighbors get a big surprise?

His room was often very cold.

B) Describe (5) of the following sentences whether they are (True) or (False): (5 M)

1. Jassim lived poorly all his life.

2. There wasn't any furniture in the room.

3. Jassim's neighbors didn't help him.

4. In Jassim's house, there was a bed and a table with two chairs.

5. His neighbors found five million Dinars in Jassim's house after his death.

6. Jassim was a young man.

1. False 2. False 3. False 4. True 5. True 6. False

Q7. A. Read this text carefully:

Martin worked in a factory in a big town. He liked fishing very much, and was very good at it. Whenever he was free, he went down to a small river behind the factory and tried to catch fish, but there was very few there because the water was dirty. Then in his holidays he went to the seaside and stayed in a cheap hotel. On his first day he fished in the sea and caught a lot of fish. He was very happy. He gave them to the hotel. They cooked them for all the guests and they enjoyed them very much. After that, he did this every day. But when Martin got his bill at the end of the week, he saw on it : “for oil to fry fish (7 days) : £ 3.50 ”.

Now answer (five) of the following questions: (10 M)

1. What was Martin's hobby? **Fishing**

2. Why were there very few fish in the small river?

Because the water was dirty.

3. Where did Martin go on his holidays?

He went to the seaside.

4. Why was Martin very happy on the first day of his holiday?

Because he caught a lot of fish.

5. Did Martin sell the fish to the hotel?

No, he didn't .

6. Where did Martin stay during his holiday?

In a cheap hotel.

B / Describe (5) of the following sentences whether they are (True) or (False): (5 M.)

1. Martin caught a lot of fish in the sea.

2. The small river was in front of the factory that Martin worked in.

3. He was very bad at fishing.

4. Martin had to pay £ 3.50 for oil to fry the fish.

5. Whenever Martin was free, he went to the seaside to catch fish.

6. The guests enjoyed eating the fish Martin gave to the hotel.

1. True 2. False 3. False 4. True 5. False 6. True

Q8. A. Read this text carefully:

Bill likes football very much, and he often goes to matches in our town on Saturday. He doesn't go to the best seats, because they are very expensive and he doesn't see his friends there. There was a big football match in our town last Saturday. First it was very cold and cloudy, but then the sun shone, and it was very hot. There were a lot of people on benches round Bill at the match. Bill was on one bench and there was a fat man on a bench behind him. First the fat man was cold, but then he was very hot. He took his coat off and put it in front of him, but it fell on Bill's head, Bill was not angry. He took the coat off his head, looked at it and then smiled and said " Thank you, but where are the trousers? "

Now answer (five) of the following questions: (10 M)

1. Why doesn't Bill go to the best seats?

Because they are very expensive.

2. Where does Bill often go on Saturday?

He often goes to matches in our town.

3. What was there in the town on the last Saturday?

There was a big football match.

4. Who was there behind Bill?

There was a fat man.

5. Why did the fat man take his coat off?

Because he was very hot.

6. Could Bill see his friends in the best seats?

No, he couldn't.

B) Describe whether the following statements are (True) or (False): (5 M)

1. Bill often plays football in our town on Sundays.

2. Bill and his friends sit in the cheaper seats.

3. Last Saturday the weather was very cold, but then it became very hot.

4. The benches round Bill were almost empty.

5. The fat man took his coat off and put it in front of him.

6. Bill felt angry when the coat fell on his head.

1. False. 2. True. 3. True. 4. False. 5. True. 6. False

Q9. Read this text carefully.

Mr. Brown lived in a small seaside town. He and his wife worked in a bank in that town. They had a comfortable house near the sea. During winter they were quite happy there, but every summer a lot of their relatives used to want to come and stay with them, because it was a nice place for holiday, and it was much cheaper than staying in a hotel. Finally one June Mr. Brown complained to his intelligent friend Mr. Thomas who lived in the same place. " one of my wife's relatives intends to bring his wife and children and spend ten days with us next month again." " How do you prevent all your relatives coming to live with you in summer?" Mr. Brown said. " Oh, " Mr. Thomas answered "That isn't difficult. I just borrow money from all the rich ones and lend it to all poor ones. After that no one comes again. "

A / Now Answer (Five) of the following questions: (10 M)

1. Where did Mr. And Mrs. Brown live?

Mr. Brown and Mrs. Brown lived in a small seaside town.

2. Where did Mr. Brown work?

He worked in a bank.

3. Who is Mr. Thomas?

Mr. Thomas is Mr. Brown's intelligent friend.

4. Why were Mr. Brown and his wife happier in winter than in summer?

Because every summer a lot of their relatives used to want to come and stay with them.

5. What did Mr. Thomas tell Mr. Brown to do?

I just borrow money from all the rich ones and lend it to all poor ones.

6. Why did their relatives use to come and stay with Mr. And Mrs. Brown?

Because it was a nice place for holiday and it was much cheaper than staying in a hotel.

B / Describe whether the following sentences are (True) or (False) : (Do 5 only) (5 M)

1. Mr. Brown was happy during summer.

2. Mr. Brown used to borrow money from rich ones and lend it to the poor.

3. Mr. Brown and his wife owned a comfortable house near the sea.

4. Mr. Thomas lived in a small seaside town.

5. Mrs. Brown complained to Mr. Thomas.

6. Mrs. Brown's relative intends to bring his wife and children and spend ten days next month.

1. False . 2. False . 3. True. 4. True. 5. False . 6. True

Q10)A/ Read this text carefully.

When Tom was fourteen years old, he wanted to be a fireman. He likes the brave firemen very much. Tom saw them when the next house was in fire. The firemen, who they are also called fire fighters, came to the house quickly, they put out fires and rescued the family. The fire fighters work in a building which is called a fire station. One day, Tom was in a school trip to the fire station, he saw the building and the tools that the firemen used, he saw some of the firemen and talked with them. Tom saw the vehicles and some of it had ladders, he liked it so much. Tom knew that the firemen have to wear heavy clothes to protect their bodies from fire and heat. After a few years Tom becomes one of the brave fire fighters and works with a team to help and rescued people from fires.

A) Now Answer (Five) of the following questions: (10 M.)

1. What did Tom want to be?

He wanted to be a fireman

2. What are the firemen also called?

The firemen are also called firefighters.

3. Where do the firemen work?

The firemen work in a building which is called a fire station.

4. Where was a school trip to?

A school trip was to the fire station.

5. Why do the firemen have to wear heavy clothes?

The firemen have to wear heavy clothes to protect their bodies from fire and heat.

6. What does Tom become?

He becomes one of the brave fire fighters.

**B) Describe the following sentences whether they are (True) or (False):
(Choose 5 only) (5 M.)**

1. Tom was fifteen years old.

2. Tom doesn't like the firemen.

3. The firemen put out the fire and saved the family.

4. The next house of Tom's was in fire.

5. Tom becomes a doctor.

6. Some vehicles have ladders.

1- F

2- F

3-T

4-T

5-F

6-T